

near Johnson's Millpond, north of Sedley, nos. 14,332 and 14,333. See p. 371.

D. CAPILLARIS Poir. To the several known stations add an exceptionally fine one in SUSSEX COUNTY: upper border of sandy beach of Airfield Millpond, southwest of Wakefield, no. 14,334. See p. 372.

(To be continued)

NOTES ON SOLIDAGO, SECTION EUTHAMIA.—In making a study of *Solidago*, section *Euthamia*, it becomes evident that a number of new combinations and changes of names are necessary:

S. GYMNOispermoIDES (Greene) Fernald, var. **callosa**, nom. nov. *Euthamia pulverulenta* Greene, Pittonia, v. 75 (1902). Non *S. pulverulenta* Nutt., Gen. ii. 161 (1818).

S. GRAMINIFOLIA (L.) Salisb., var. **tricostata** (Lunell), comb. nov. *Euthamia camporum*, var. *tricostata* Lunell, Am. Midl. Nat. ii. 59 (1911). *S. graminifolia*, var. *septentrionalis* Fernald, RHODORA, xvii. 12 (1915).

S. GRAMINIFOLIA (L.) Salisb., var. **media** (Greene), comb. nov. *Euthamia media* Greene, Pittonia, v. 74 (1902). *S. perglabra* Friesner, Butler Univ. Bot. Stud. iii. 61 (1933).

S. GRAMINIFOLIA (L.) Salisb., var. **remota** (Greene), comb. nov. *Euthamia remota* Greene, Pittonia v. 78 (1902). *S. Moseleyi* Fernald, RHODORA, x. 92 (1908).

S. GALETORUM (Greene) Friesner, Butler Univ. Bot. Stud. iii. 58 (1933). *Euthamia galetorum* Greene, Leaflets, ii. 152 (1911). *S. tenuifolia* Pursh, var. *pycnocephala* Fernald, RHODORA, xxiii. 293 (1922).

S. CAROLINIANA (L.) BSP., Prelim. Cat. N. Y. Pl. 26 (1888). *Erigeron carolinianum* L., Sp. Pl. 863 (1753). *S. minor* (Michx.) Fernald, RHODORA, x. 93 (1908).

—STUART K. HARRIS, Boston University

TRAGOPOGON DUBIUS IN INDIANA.—This species is not mentioned in Deam's "Flora of Indiana", all yellow-flowered specimens of the genus being referred to *T. pratensis*. However, I have examined a large number of plants in several localities within the city limits of Gary, Lake Co., where they are now abundant, and also in adjacent Porter Co., where they are less frequent but common. Every specimen I have studied has the involucral bracts well exceeding the flowers, and the peduncles